

HONORS BIOLOGY – PROBLEM SET

CHAPTER 8: CHROMOSOMES

1. Explain why the father ALWAYS determines the sex of a baby. [1 point]
2. Assuming that the mother and father have the normal types of sex chromosomes, is it possible for a father to be a carrier of a sex-linked recessive trait? Then define the term HEMIZYGOUS. (Hemizygous isn't in your textbook – GOOGLE IT!!!) [2 points]
3. A male calico cat is born. Approximately 99% of calico cats are female. It is extremely unusual for a calico cat to be a male. Explain what could have caused this calico cat to exhibit this trait. Be specific in your explanation. HINT: It has something to do with nondisjunction. [2 points]
4. A mule is the hybrid offspring of a male donkey and a female horse. The diploid body cells of a donkey contain 62 chromosomes. The diploid body cells of a horse contain 64 chromosomes. Answer the following questions: [3 points]
 - a. How many chromosomes would be found in each donkey sperm cell?
 - b. How many chromosomes would be found in each horse egg cell?
 - c. How many chromosomes would be found in each diploid mule cell?
 - d. Would the mule cells be able to successfully reproduce by MITOSIS?
 - e. Would the mule be able to create sperm and egg cells using MEIOSIS?
 - f. FULLY EXPLAIN your answers to questions D and E.
5. Study the following picture of onion root tip cells undergoing mitosis. Label each of the arrows as INTERPHASE, PROPHASE, METAPHASE, ANAPHASE, or TELOPHASE. [2 points]

